



FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 28, 1910

THE new rules committee of the House of Representatives is not giving satisfaction to any section of the House membership. It seems to be fearful of doing anything at all. Piled up on its table are many resolutions asking authorization for making investigations by various committees, among the most important being the Shakerford resolution calling for an inquiry into the shortages in the Chicago and St. Louis sub-treasuries. The committee on treasury expenditures can do nothing unless the committee on rules empowers it to send for persons and papers, and make the necessary expenditures from the House contingent fund. Mr. Herbert Parsons wants to have an investigation of impure butter, cream and milk, but the rules committee preserves on this, as on the sub-treasury matter, the same masterly inactivity. On Wednesday the rules committee did give Mr. Parsons a hearing, as well as Chairman Scott, of the agriculture committee, who wants action on a rule to limit debate on his bill to make illegal dealings in cotton futures. Then there are before the rules committee many propositions for future changes in the House rules, on none of which does the committee seem disposed to act. The committee appears to lack nerve. It fears that it may do something that will prove objectionable to a majority of the House and thus bring on itself a defeat when its proposition is presented. As a consequence there is much grumbling in all quarters of the House at the new rules committee.

MAYOR GAYNOR, of New York, took occasion at the banquet of the Publishers' Association and the Associated Press in that city last night to refer to recent newspaper attacks made upon him by William Randolph Hearst, and in doing so precipitated a scene seldom witnessed at a social gathering. Some who read the descriptions published in the morning papers were inclined to regret that Mr. Gaynor selected such an opportunity to refer to the charges made by the reckless editor, while others are disposed to regard the mayor's speech as opportunistic. He was, it is true, the guest of honor on the occasion and was called upon to respond to the toast, "The Press," but the fact that Mr. Hearst was not present should not be urged. Mr. Gaynor said many true things, and his exhortation of certain men who suppose the mission of a newspaper is to attack every person occupying an official position will be commended by all conservative people. The newspaper is a terrible bludgeon in the hands of thoughtless or irresponsible men. Their victims are always at a disadvantage, as they virtually have no opportunity to strike back except by placing themselves on an equality with their traducers by rushing into print. The charge made by Mr. Gaynor that Mr. Hearst omitted the date from the check which he reproduced in his paper requires a satisfactory answer. A notable murder in one of our southern cities recently was the outcome of attacks made upon an official by the editor of a newspaper who was not in sympathy with the party at that time in power.

LETTERS threatening the demolition of the new St. Ladislaus Roman Catholic Church in South Norwalk, Conn., unless \$500 is given to the writer have filled his congregation with consternation. The letters were received by the pastor, Rev. Stephen F. Obernitzky, who kept silent about them until a few days ago, when the final one threatened his life as well. Then they were given to the police. The letters, written in excellent English, bore no dripping daggers or other devices often used by secret blackmailers. They are plain and businesslike. The church was recently finished. Dr. Obernitzky says:

"They don't know me or they would not try such a game. Much as I love my new church I would rather see it in ruins than give one cent for such blackmail."

The enemy of acids is represented as resorting to many tricks in order to cripple the influence of the church. If the evil one is at present animating those he is leading captive at his will to make church buildings dangerous places in which to gather, conditions as serious to disciples existing in the days of the Caesars may be at our doors.

FANVILLE, after having been dry for two years, has been placed in the wet column again, the "drys" having been defeated yesterday by a "moist"—ten votes. The dry was which began to settle over Virginia several years ago is by no means so pronounced as formerly, but seems to be gradually giving place to more humid conditions. It is said that Danville will now become the shipping point to contiguous dry counties.

THE Treasury Department yesterday sent to Congress an estimate for the fortification of the Panama canal aggregating \$14,104,208, and an appropriation of \$4,000,000 was asked for the beginning of the work. If a halt is not called this canal business will bankrupt the country.

From Washington.

Washington, April 29.—This was another strenuous day for Prince Tsai Tso, member of the imperial family of China, who is the guest of the United States. With his secretaries he visited the navy yard, the army war college, the capitol, where he watched intently the process of laws in the making, and the Congressional library. Secretary Knox gave him a luncheon and afterward the party went down the river on the Mayflower to Mount Vernon. Prince Tsai Tso accepts his honors with the greatest dignity but is an affable and alert person, at the task of "selling the United States" seems to have a little. Not so with Lord Li, son of Li Shuang Chang. Lord Li is at least six feet tall and weighs not a little over two hundred pounds. He and President Taft would be in about the same class physically. He speaks English fluently and translates American jokes so well that the prince himself can see the point of them. The party will see Annapolis tomorrow. The cadets will drill for them. The end of the festivities will be the ball and dinner given by the Chinese minister, Chang Yin Tang. After that they will go to New York.

A parcels post bill providing for the establishment of an experimental system on the rural routes of the country will be reported by the House committee on post offices and post roads before the end of the present session. A poll of the committee recently taken shows a clear majority for the pending legislation and the matter will be placed in the hands of the sub-committee this week in order that a proper bill may be reported.

The contested election cases against Joseph F. O'Connell, of Massachusetts, and Albert E. Topolinski, of Louisiana, which have been pending before the House committee on elections No. 2, have been practically decided in favor of the present incumbents. There remains only formal action to be taken by the committee. Representative O'Connell was elected by less than a dozen votes; the committee found that the election was not illegal. Ex-Governor Warmouth, a republican, contested Topolinski's seat on the ground that he had been barred from the democratic primary.

Unless President Taft breaks a half-century for nearly a century and a half, Charles E. Hughes will remain on the supreme bench as an associate justice, and not be elevated to the chief justiceship in the event that place becomes vacant. Current rumors are that Gov. Hughes accepting that he would be appointed to succeed Chief Justice Fuller, in that aged jurist.

Secretary Meyer appeared before the naval affairs committee of the House this morning for a five-minute talk. His stay was extended to two hours of heated discussion on the merit of his naval reorganization plan. Mr. Meyer asked the committee to instruct Mr. Ross to consult with Senator Perkins, chairman of the Senate committee and urge him to insert in the naval appropriation bill authority for him to establish his plan. This authority was stricken from the House bill on a point of order. Meyer had barely completed his remarks when Representative Hobson of Alabama, appeared and endeavored to prevent the adoption of the motion proposed by the secretary and offered by Mr. Butler, of Pennsylvania. Mr. Hobson expressed his entire disapproval of the Meyer plan and started a severe cross-examination of the secretary. He declared that Mr. Meyer had started the plan without authority of Congress and should not now ask for that minority. Members of the committee say that Secretary Meyer was visibly perturbed. Representative Butler finally ended the discussion by moving the previous question on his motion which was agreed to.

Batteries is an immediate food product according to a statement made by H. O. Pirrang, a manufacturer at Columbus, Ohio, to the House committee on agriculture today. He denied that the manufacturers ever sold oleo as butter and said the greatest care was exercised in its manufacture, and employees in the factory are compelled to keep clean.

House leaders make no secret of the fact that they are much perturbed at the failure of the offer to push the president's railroad bill through the House without substantial amendment. They are much gratified that the Commerce Court section was retained in the bill but they feel that the amendment adopted yesterday including the telegraph and telephone companies in the measure as common carriers may prevent an agreement between the House and the Senate committee on the House side. They view the President's departure from Washington at this time with some concern as they counted on him to assist them in bringing some of the less radical insurgents into line. Representative Stafford, of Wisconsin, a member of the interstate Commerce Committee said today that the amendment adopted yesterday would never be accepted by the Senate under any circumstances although he admitted that it had a substantial majority in the House at all times. "If the House insists on this amendment," said Mr. Stafford, "I think it is safe to say that Congress will not adjourn until mid-summer and that this action may be taken without ending a single line of the railroad bill."

The vote on the question of recommending the passage of the House bill was again postponed by the Senate committee on privileges and elections. It was decided today to refer several publicity bills pending before the committee to a sub-committee which will submit a report on May 7.

The grocery store of John H. Magrader, at Co. Meek street and K street, was damaged by fire early this morning to the extent of \$100. Lieutenant Santon, of No. 2 Engine Co., was seriously injured by the breaking of a ladder from which he fell fifty feet. He was sent to the Emergency Hospital.

In an editorial in The Commonwealth, Mr. Bryan says he thinks Roosevelt will return an insurgent. He gives four reasons and here is the fifth: "Fifth, so far as is known he is not in correspondence with whom he nominates and elected."

A large delegation of men distinguished in science and representatives of all the leading life insurance companies appeared before the Senate committee on public health today to urge the adoption of the Owen bill, that proposes a department of health, the head of which shall be a member of the Cabinet.

Frank Breitwiser, aged 18, died after being stricken by a ball while he was playing Central Park, New York, last evening. This is the seventh fatality in baseball games since the season opened two weeks ago.

Sixty-first Congress.

SENATE

A bill to prohibit interference with commerce between the states was introduced in the Senate by Senator Clay. It also regulates the transmission of cablegrams and telegrams between this and foreign countries.

The purpose of the bill is to prevent gambling in futures. It is intended to make it unlawful to use the mails, telegraph or telephone or make contracts for the purchase of cotton or farm products where the property is not delivered. It is similar to the Scott bill now pending in the House. Senator Clay read a prepared speech urging the passage of the bill, which was referred to the committee on agriculture.

The resolution introduced by Senator Smith, (dem., S. C.) directing the attorney general to investigate gambling in cotton, was called up in the Senate today and Mr. Smith presented some figures showing the value of exportations and product. He said this year approximately \$800,000,000 would be brought in to pay for cotton sent abroad.

Attorney General Wickham was again criticized for seeking to prosecute the cotton pool under the Sherman anti-trust act. It has already cost this country \$80,000,000 he said, by depressing prices.

Mr. Smith suggested the attorney general should investigate the chief of the Weather Bureau for having permitted the blighting frost that made another cotton crop impossible.

Senator Mikins sought to prevent a vote on the resolution and was aided by Senator Adrich thereby causing much irritation.

The resolution was adopted without a division. It instructs the attorney general to ascertain how sold cotton to the alleged pool how much they owned and what the price of spot cotton in the south at that time and the price on contract in New York.

Charges that the Department of Justice has neglected the interests of the government in connection with millions of acres of land in Oregon are preferred in a resolution introduced by Chamberlain (dem., Ore.) in the Senate today.

The lands in question are held by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

When the railroad bill was taken up there was a long wrangle as to whether any and how can be ordered in advance of an immediate vote.

Senator Newlands spoke at length on the provision permitting traffic agreements. He said railroads are a natural monopoly and should be relieved from the operations of the Sherman anti-trust act. Prior to that a system of regulation should be perfected.

HOUSE

Mr. Harrison of New York, today introduced a resolution authorizing the president to appoint a commission of seven to represent the United States at the ceremonies attending the 100th anniversary of the Mexican declaration of independence. The ceremonies are to be held at Mexico City, September 16, 1910. The resolution has the approval of the Mexican ambassador and will be reported from the Foreign committee in the near future.

Mr. Martin, of Colorado, served notice on the rules committee today of his desire to secure an early hearing upon his resolution charging the unlawful sale of Philippine friar lands to the sugar trust and that the sale was effected by improper influence working on the Departments of War and Justice.

The House by a vote of 180 to 67 adopted Mr. Madden's amendment to the Railroad bill providing for a physical valuation of railroads. An unusually large number of insurgents joined with the democrats.

The amendment authorizes the Interstate Commerce Commission to ascertain the value of all the property of every common carrier in the United States.

Wilhelms Receives Roosevelt Party Anthem, Netherlands, April 29.—After a four hours' ride through the most beautiful country they have yet seen, Mr. Roosevelt and his family arrived here at noon today.

There was an ovation for the former president at every station, culminating with the demonstration here by several hundred Americans and ten times their number of natives.

Awaiting the Roosevelts at the station were two Queen Wilhelmina's automobiles in which they were driven to the Ret Loo Palace of the queen, a short distance from Apeldoorn, seven miles northeast of Arnhem.

The reception by the queen and her consort, Prince Henry, was unusually cordial. After luncheon there was an informal visit about the palace grounds, with Wilhelmina honoring her guests by acting as their personal escort.

At 3 o'clock the Roosevelts motored to Apeldoorn and at 5 o'clock they took a special train for Amsterdam.

A dinner will be given in honor of the Roosevelts at the queen's Amsterdam palace tonight, at which the Burgomaster will preside. There will be 40 guests. At 11 o'clock the party will leave for the Hague and remain there until Sunday night.

Amsterdam, April 29.—Crowded into a coach, Colonel Roosevelt and family made the short run from Apeldoorn to Amsterdam this afternoon, arriving at six o'clock. A special train had been ordered for the trip but it did not materialize and the Colonels, accepted the regular coach and spent an hour mingling with Dutch travelers of high and low degree.

A big crowd was at the station and Mr. Roosevelt was received uproariously.

Confess! He Sent Poisoned Candy.

Vienna, Austria, April 29.—Lieut. Hofrichter, an officer in one of the crack Austrian regiments, has confessed, under sweet-box inquiries, that he sent poisoned candy and poisoned medicines to his superior officers, more than a score in number, in the hope that by their death he would be promoted.

As a result of the confession, there seems no hope that Hofrichter can escape facing a firing squad. Hofrichter aspired to become a major. Promotions go slowly in the show regiments and Hofrichter faced long delays before he could win his rank.

It was shown that every officer in the regiment of a rank superior to that of Hofrichter, received a box of candy or a "new patent medicine" liberally treated with cyanide of potassium. The fact that Hofrichter did not receive any of the poison and that he was known to be ambitious, attracted suspicion to him.

Mona Delgado, recently appointed Secretary of Agriculture, and the first negro to hold a cabinet position in Cuba, died suddenly in Havana today of Bright's disease.

DANVILLE WET.

Danville, after two years of dry regime, again voted wet in an election held yesterday, by a majority of 10, out of a total of 1,154 votes in the four wards participating in the election, the fifth and sixth wards, constituting the section known as North Danville, having no voice in the contest. That section was dry when annexed, on condition that liquor should not be there.

Never in the history of Danville have the people been so stirred as in yesterday's election. The vote was cast only about 75 of being the total registration.

Danville, during the past seven years, has alternated in the four elections held. The last election was held April 15, 1908, when the drys won by a majority of 45. In 1905 the city went wet and in 1903 dry.

The victory of the wet forces yesterday has a wide significance. It means that the dry States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia will have better facilities of procuring liquor.

The city promises to develop into a mail order liquor town and whisky men, anticipating today's victory, have secured opinions on practically every place in the city suitable for their business. Both sides realized that it was a fight to the finish.

Women were not in evidence at the polls yesterday, and there was no parade. The election, while most aggressive, was devoid of excitement, and there was no disorder.

MOST SOUTHERN CROPS SAFE.

Damages to crops in the southern states east of the Mississippi river are not as great as some of the first reports seemed to indicate, according to President W. W. Finley, of the Southern Railway. He said Washington yesterday that reports show cotton and corn have suffered in the northern two-thirds of Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia, but that farther south these crops were not injured and that farther north they were so far enough advanced to be seriously hurt.

"There is still ample time to replant both cotton and corn," he said, "and if this is done extensively the final yield will not be greatly reduced. Reports indicate a general suspension of cottonseed crushing by oil mills, with a view to conserving the seed for planting. The peach crop does not seem to have been materially damaged. Melons and watermelons in the Georgia may have to be replanted to some extent. Strawberries suffered little. No damage was done to fruits, vegetables or other crops in Virginia."

DEATH OF GEN. ALEXANDER. Gen. E. P. Alexander, a noted Confederate soldier and writer, died at Savannah, Ga., yesterday, aged 75 years. Gen. Alexander was graduated from West Point in 1857. For some time he remained at West Point as assistant instructor in military engineering. In 1858 he went on field duty with the Utah expedition. In 1860 he was made assistant engineer in charge of the defenses at Alcatraz Island, San Francisco. He resigned his commission to enter the Confederate army as a captain of engineers. He was on the staff of General Beauregard at Ball Run, and was chief of ordnance of the Confederate army of Northern Virginia, on the staff of Generals Johnson and Lee until November, 1862. He was promoted to be colonel of artillery in Longstreet's corps, and later to be brigadier general of artillery. At the surrender at Appomattox he was Longstreet's chief of artillery.

WEDDINGS.

At the residence at Charlottesville of Capt. Michael Woods yesterday afternoon his daughter, Lillie Stuart Woods, was married to Mr. William James Rucker, of St. James, in the city of Missouri. Rev. Dr. Frank Page, of Brooklyn, N. Y., an uncle of the bride, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Harry B. Lee, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, of Charlottesville.

Miss Julia Jackson Pattie, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Pattie, was married to John Thomas Revelle, of Washington, in Warren on Monday. Mr. G. C. Pattie was the best man and the bride was given in marriage by her father, Miss Bessie McIntosh and Miss Orla Pattie attended the bride.

A very pretty home wedding took place last Wednesday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Dillman Estep, at Millwood, when their daughter, Miss Nellie, was married to Mr. Ernest L. Alger, Rev. H. B. Soneham performed the ceremony.

Miss Nellie I. Arnett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Arnett, of Loudoun county, and Mr. O. E. Fackard, formerly of Parkman, Maine, were married on Monday.

TELEGRAPHIC EXCITEMENTS. The doing thing of sixty sheets of unsigned \$5 bills—\$1,200 in all—was reported to the police this afternoon by President Snow, of the First National Bank at Syracuse, N. Y. Snow was signing the sheets when a stranger entered the bank and engaged him in conversation. Snow was called away a moment and when he returned, the stranger and the bills were gone.

The funeral of Wellington Smith, the wealthy paper manufacturer whose neck was broken when a folding bed in which he was sleeping in a New York rooming house snapped at it, was held in Leam, Mass., today. The family refused to reveal the identity of the woman who was Smith's companion in New York although they are believed to know who she was.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Linton C. J. d'Alva, a student of the Theological Seminary at Princeton, N. J., was cleared up today when his body was found floating in the Raritan canal. He had been missing since Sunday. It is believed that he was deranged from over-study. He was a native of Costa Rica.

New Market Stakes. New Market, England, April 29.—Waldorf Astor's Wink'pop won today the 1,000 guinea race for three year old fillies. Her price was 5 to 2. Maid of Oripath was second at 100 to 8; and Rosaline, 20 to 1, third, were three other starters.

New York Stock Market. New York, April 29.—A strong tone developed at the opening of the stock market and at the end of the session a majority of the leading issue showed signs of a further advance. Although there were evidences of further heavy liquidation, prices were fairly well maintained, banking houses being large buyers. Brokers' reports, however, were not so successful among small traders owing to reported droughts in the south.

An omnibus bill for the payment of claims against the United States was reported to the Senate yesterday. It carries items aggregating \$2,040,000.

News of the Day.

In Washington yesterday Clarence Howell, who stole jewelry valued at \$16,000 from Mrs. Frederick Buzher, was sentenced to four years in the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

W. E. D. Stokes, Jr., a 14-year-old boy, yesterday made an argument before the Senate committee in behalf of amateur wireless telegraph operators.

Thousands of crates of strawberries from the fields of Norfolk and Princess Anne counties are being shipped north by rail and steamer every day. The fields are crowded with men, women and children engaged in picking the berries.

All postmasters will be given not exceeding five days' leave of absence from duty to enable them to attend the meeting of the Virginia Postmasters' Association, which will be held at Rockbridge Alum Springs July 27 to 29. Postmaster General Hitchcock announced the fact yesterday.

In a single sitting, without opposition the House of Lords yesterday passed the budget bill, the first rejection of which led to the recent general election. The bill now only awaits the king's signature to become law. The royal approval will be given as a matter of course.

The railroad bill was under consideration in the House all day yesterday. The democrats aided by the radical republicans succeeded in amending the bill to include telephone and telegraph companies under the designation of common carriers as used in the act. It is the most radical amendment which the opponents of the bill have so far succeeded in obtaining.

A special meeting of the board of trustees of the George Washington University in Washington has been called for Monday at 4:30 o'clock, when the resignation of President Needham will be considered. There is a possibility that Dr. Needham's resignation will not be accepted unless he insists. In that event, the trustees will urge him to remain in control until the close of the present academic year, in June.

The big circus elephant which started all the others of the herd on a rampage which on Wednesday afternoon resulted in thousands of dollars worth of damage being done, besides serious injuries to several persons at Danville, Ill., was pronounced insane and was executed yesterday afternoon in the presence of a number of physicians. Chafos were fastened around his neck and pulled from each end by two other elephants until he was strangled. He was valued at \$15,000.

To prevent capture after a vicious attack on Anna Klipp, Clarence Wood, 19 years old, of Rutherford, N. J., barricaded himself in the Rutherford East Club house yesterday morning, and for five hours fought off a posse of police and deputy sheriffs, 30 or 40 members of auxiliary company and enough volunteers from Rutherford and Hackensack to bring the posse up to 450 or 500 armed men. Finally, his stronghold, riddled with bullets and surrender the only alternative, Wood ended the struggle by firing a bullet into his temple, dying almost instantly. Wood, it is believed, had become suddenly demoted.

Five members of the crew of the Morgan Line steamship El Alba, bound from Gloucester to New York with a cargo of onions, met their death in a most horrible manner last Saturday last, while the ship was in the Gulf of Mexico, twenty-three hours out from the Texas port. The main steam pipe in the boiler room of the freighter burst and a great stream of scalding vapor was sent forth, enveloping the compartment and literally boiling the unfortunate men. The big vessel was crippled by the accident and was left helpless. Her condition was learned in port through wireless messages and she was towed to port.

Only four houses are standing in the little hamlet of Orleans, Ontario county, N. Y., the others having been destroyed by fire early today. The hamlet was without fire apparatus. The residents formed a bucket brigade but could do little and the town ended itself out. Incendiarism is suspected.

Members of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions in New York today received with regret the announcement of the death, at Beirut, Syria, of Rev. Dr. Henry Harris Jessup, head of the mission work there. Dr. Jessup was 75 years old and a noted linguist, geologist and botanist.

FIELD MEETING.

The Virginia State Horticultural Society will give a field demonstration of spraying in the orchard of Mr. George C. Ronard, at Manassas, on Monday, May 21. This demonstration will be conducted by a representative of the Virginia State Experiment Station, Prof. Drinkard, who will make and apply all the most important sprays, using modern spraying equipment. He will be ready to discuss all practical problems of orchard management, such as pruning, cultivation, fertilization and diseases of fruit. The demonstration, which begins at 10 a. m., is free to all.

INDIANA POLITICS.

Governor Marshall gave machine politics a surprise yesterday by the victory which he won in the state convention when John W. Kerna, democratic nominee for vice president in 1908, was endorsed for the United States Senate.

Yesterday's action means that Kerna should be elected to succeed Senator A. J. Beveridge, provided the democrats have a majority in the next state legislature and that majority adheres to the endorsement.

While the governor owes his triumph to a happy combination with John W. Kerna and the work of the Kerna supporters, as distinguished from the Taggart following, the victory is largely due to the adroitness of the governor himself.

Governor Marshall's administration was commended, but he was not endorsed for president. The Payne-Adrich tariff law was denounced as a masterpiece of injustice, and the republicans of Indiana were charged with cowardice for their endorsement of the tariff in a resolution upholding Senator Beveridge, who voted against the law.

One plank of the platform favors an income tax. The ship subsidy bill is vigorously condemned.

Fifty years' experience of an Old Nurse. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for fifty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and whooping cough, giving health to the child, and saving the mother. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

DRY GOODS.

Woodward & Lothrop

New York—Washington—Paris

Men's Retiring Garments.

Luxurious feeling of freedom and comfort in Pajamas foreign to other lounging and retiring garments for men.

The materials of which ours are made are silk, mercerized cottons, madras, percales and checked and plain muscoks.

Checked White Nainok and Colored Percale Pajamas, made with military collar or with V neck.....\$1.00
Madras Pajamas, in white, self-striped and colored figured and striped designs, with military collar.....\$1.50
Feather-weight White Nainok Pajamas, finished with military collar; also of self-striped plain white madras and colored mercerized cotton.....\$2.00

Also a full line of Nightshirts for those who prefer them, made in correct styles and in measurements for men of all proportions.

50c, 75c, to \$1.50 each.

Main floor—F street.

Men's Seasonable Underwear.

All sorts of fabrics—cotton, balbriggan, flannel, merino, wool, linen, and silk—and in every light as well as medium weights. Shirts with long sleeves, half sleeves, and sleeveless. Drawers in regular length, short lengths, and knee length. Balbriggan, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, and \$1.50 garment. Flannel, \$1.00, \$1.50, and \$2.00 garment. Merino, \$1.00 and \$1.50 garment. Wool, \$2.25 and \$3.00 garment. Linen, \$1.00, \$2.25, and \$3.00 garment. All-silk, \$3.75 garment and up. Main floor—F street.

FOR RENT.

319 King street.
Fine store room.
\$25.00
301 Cameron street.
Store and dwelling.
\$25.00
116 south Pitt street.
7 room brick and bath.
\$25.00
1227 King street.
9 room brick and bath.
\$20.00
323 south Lee street.
7 room frame and bath.
\$15.00
226 north Patrick street.
7 room frame.
\$15.00
Second floor—427 King street.
Office rooms.
\$15.00
Third floor—427 King street.
Office rooms.
\$12.00

FOR RENT.

1101 Prince street.
7 room brick.
\$12.00
418 Queen street.
5 room frame.
\$10.00
500 Cameron street.
7 room frame.
\$10.00
1200 Wilkes street.
5 room frame.
\$6.00
921 north Washington street.
7 room frame.
\$10.00
923 north Washington street.
5 room frame.
\$6.00
521 north Pitt street.
6 room frame.
\$6.00
621 south Patrick street.
5 room brick.
\$7.00

JOHN D. NORMOYLE,

KING AND ROYAL STREETS.

Virginia News.

Among the appointments sent to the Senate by the president yesterday were William P. Kent, of Wytheville, to be consul at Newchwang, China; and W. Henry Robertson, of Richmond, to be consul at Oallao.

Superintendent J. B. Wood, of the Virginia penitentiary, has announced his intention of doing away with whipping at the "pen." The lash will be applied only in extreme cases, if at all. Solitary confinement or a dark cell is to be substituted for the whip. The method has been tried out in the last month or two and has been found very satisfactory.

A. L. Warthen, of Berryville, who recently purchased Rosemont near Charles Town, W. Va., containing 415 acres, has sold a portion of the land containing about 212 acres, to William D. Smith and Harry Byrd, of Winchester, for \$25,000. The greater part of the land sold has an apple orchard on it.

The jury in the case of Julius A. Williamson, accused of the murder of his wife June 9, 1909 shortly before 11 o'clock last night in Petersburg came in to court and reported that they were unable to agree on a verdict, being hopelessly divided. They were then discharged and the case continued to the next term of court. The jury stood six for murder in the first degree and six for acquittal.

It took a warrant and an officer and a United States commissioner to make Miss Ella Petticoles of Richmond tell her age to the census man. Miss Petticoles declared she would not, slammed the door in the census man's face and fled to the postmaster for aid. A warrant was issued and when U. S. Commissioner Brady told her there was a prospect of a heavy fine and a jail sentence if she did not answer Miss Petticoles tearfully surrendered.

Dr. Waugh issued the following bulletin yesterday relative to the condition of Senator Daniel, now at his home in Lynchburg: "Senator Daniel's condition is as good as can be expected. He had a good night, sleeping off and on during the night. The increased amount of non-resistance that he is taking and the use of the electric current to the muscles on the paralyzed side are beginning to tell in the way of a general improvement of his condition. The senator slept six hours yesterday and expressed a desire for food. His speech is more distinct and his response to questions more prompt than formerly."

The members of Marr Camp will meet at Fairfax, Monday, May 16 (court day), to transact important business, and to make preparations for the annual memorial day services, which take place June 1 each year.

Plans are being made at Richmond, to launch a campaign within the next few days for the creation of a board of control for that city, which, while appointed by the mayor and in some measure subordinate to the council, shall have entire charge of the municipal government.

Policeman Joseph Doherty, of New York, returned home early today to find a burglar in the parlor. The man ran toward a window and Doherty drew his revolver. He was less than ten feet from the robber and fired two shots. Both missed but penetrated a few \$500 panel. The burglar escaped.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss of time and by a medicine which like Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy not only cures promptly but produces no unpleasant after effects. It never fails and is pleasant and safe